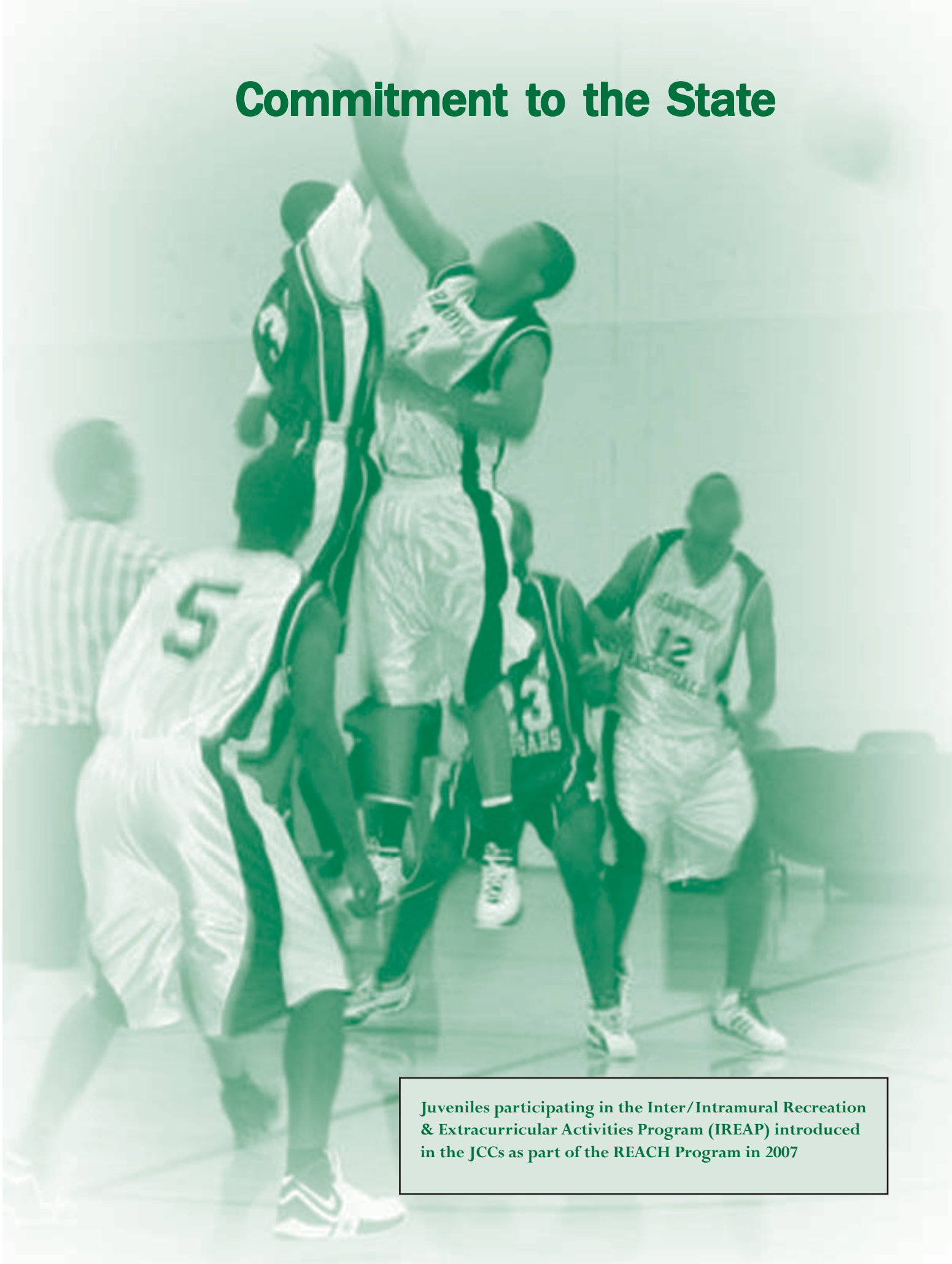


Commitment to the State



Juveniles participating in the Inter/Intramural Recreation & Extracurricular Activities Program (IREAP) introduced in the JCCs as part of the REACH Program in 2007

Introduction to Institutional Programs

The Division of Institutional Services has direct responsibility for juvenile offenders who have been committed to the state, ensuring that they receive treatment and educational services while in a safe and secure setting. It operates the Reception and Diagnostic Center (RDC), juvenile correctional centers (JCCs), community placement programs (CPPs), and also contracts with private providers to house certain juveniles.

The six JCCs and RDC had a combined operating capacity of 1,044 in FY 2007. The Behavioral Services Unit, Central Infirmary, Youth Industries, Bon Air Complex Maintenance, Health Services Unit, and Food Services Unit provide support to the correctional centers. The Department of Correctional Education (DCE) also helps by meeting educational needs of the committed juveniles. Through contractual agreements with providers, DJJ also offers supplemental programs and services in environments designed to more intensely deliver services. DJJ has placed juveniles into CPPs at both the Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Detention Home and Chesapeake Juvenile Services since April and December 2004, respectively. Both programs, with adjustments in service delivery during the course of operation, offer community reintegration and specialized services in a secure residential setting.

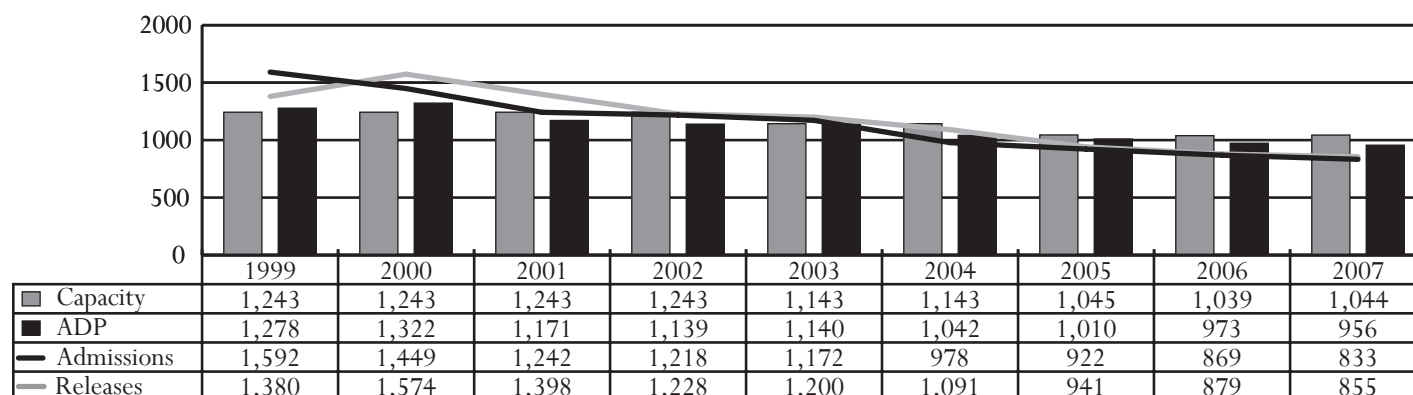
Based on a FY 2005 General Assembly mandate, DJJ developed a utilization plan to maximize the use of its resources; efforts to implement recommendations from the plan continued throughout FY 2007. This includes ongoing population management through movement of juveniles as mandated by the plan and to meet the DJJ's needs. As a result of the initial review of all JCCs and their assets, Barrett JCC was closed as a correctional facility but has remained in operation as a temporary supplement to house DJJ's Training Unit and a few Central Office staff.

CAPACITY AND AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, FY 2007

Facility	Capacity	ADP On Site	ADP Off Site	ADP Total
Beaumont	288	270	5	275
Bon Air	213	207	1	208
Culpeper	144	123	1	124
Hanover	132	127	1	128
Natural Bridge	71	62	0	62
Oak Ridge	40	39	1	40
RDC	156	115	4	119
<i>JCC Total</i>	<i>1,044</i>	<i>943</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>956</i>
Wilderness (VWI)	32	31	0	31
Shenandoah CPP	10	10	0	10
Chesapeake CPP	10	9	0	9
Alt. Placements	N/A	1	0	1
<i>State Total</i>	<i>1,096</i>	<i>994</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>1,007</i>

Also, DJJ has planned renovations and new capital construction, as funding is available, in an ongoing effort to improve facilities which requires close population management. When reviewing and adjusting the population for each facility, several factors are taken into consideration such as housing capacity, staffing levels, and programming initiatives. Revisions to capacities and shifts in the population are considered in order to keep the treatment needs of the juveniles in the forefront and were a natural result of the necessary closure to housing units on facility campuses. The utilization plan also called for a move toward therapeutic capacities within the facilities. To address this, DJJ began

CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, ADMISSIONS, AND RELEASES, FY 1999-2007



Between FY 2006 and FY 2007, admissions to RDC decreased 4%. Alternative Placements are not included in JCC Capacity or ADP above.

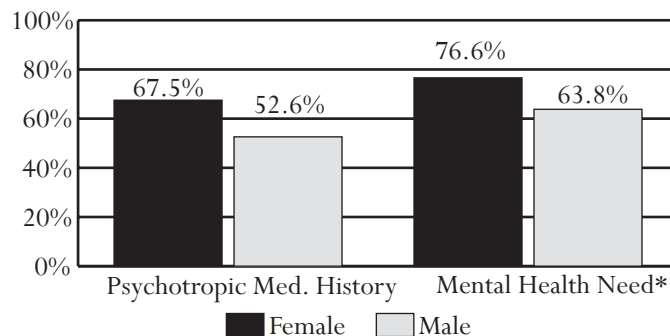
ADMISSIONS BY RACE, SEX, AGE, AND REGION, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	64.5%	66.6%	67.8%	66.0%
White	31.8%	27.0%	25.7%	26.4%
Hispanic	2.6%	4.3%	4.5%	6.4%
Other	1.1%	2.1%	2.1%	1.2%
Sex				
Male	90.9%	90.1%	90.9%	90.8%
Female	9.1%	9.9%	9.1%	9.2%
Age				
Under 14	2.8%	2.9%	2.3%	1.7%
14	8.2%	8.0%	7.7%	6.8%
15	18.5%	18.2%	19.1%	17.4%
16	30.2%	27.2%	31.8%	28.7%
17	35.0%	36.1%	33.6%	37.6%
18	5.1%	6.7%	5.4%	7.0%
19 or older	0.3%	0.8%	0.1%	0.8%
Region				
Western	17.2%	16.1%	13.8%	16.1%
Northern	27.6%	26.9%	30.3%	35.8%
Eastern	55.2%	57.0%	55.9%	48.1%
Total Admissions	978	922	869	833

A juvenile admitted to the JCCs in FY 2007 was most likely to be a black male, age 17, from the Eastern Region.

implementing new practices to reduce the size of juvenile groupings within the JCCs in order to allow for improved

ADMISSIONS BY PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATION HISTORY AND DIAGNOSED MENTAL HEALTH DISORDER*, FY 2007



* Includes juveniles with a mental health disorder, according to diagnostic criteria in the DSM-IV (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, 4th edition). The graph includes juveniles with a depressive disorder and excludes those with a diagnosis of Conduct Disorder (CD), Oppositional Defiant Disorder (ODD), and Substance Abuse/Dependence Disorder. This is a new methodology; therefore, data are not comparable to prior *Data Resource Guides*.

Over half (54%) of the juveniles admitted to the JCCs have a history of prescription psychotropic medication use. At admission, 65% of juveniles have a diagnosed mental health disorder (other than a DSM-IV diagnosis of CD, ODD, Substance Abuse/Dependence Disorder).

interrelations with staff and improved security in treatment settings. Considering this movement, population management has become a vital tool and DJJ continues to work toward this goal.

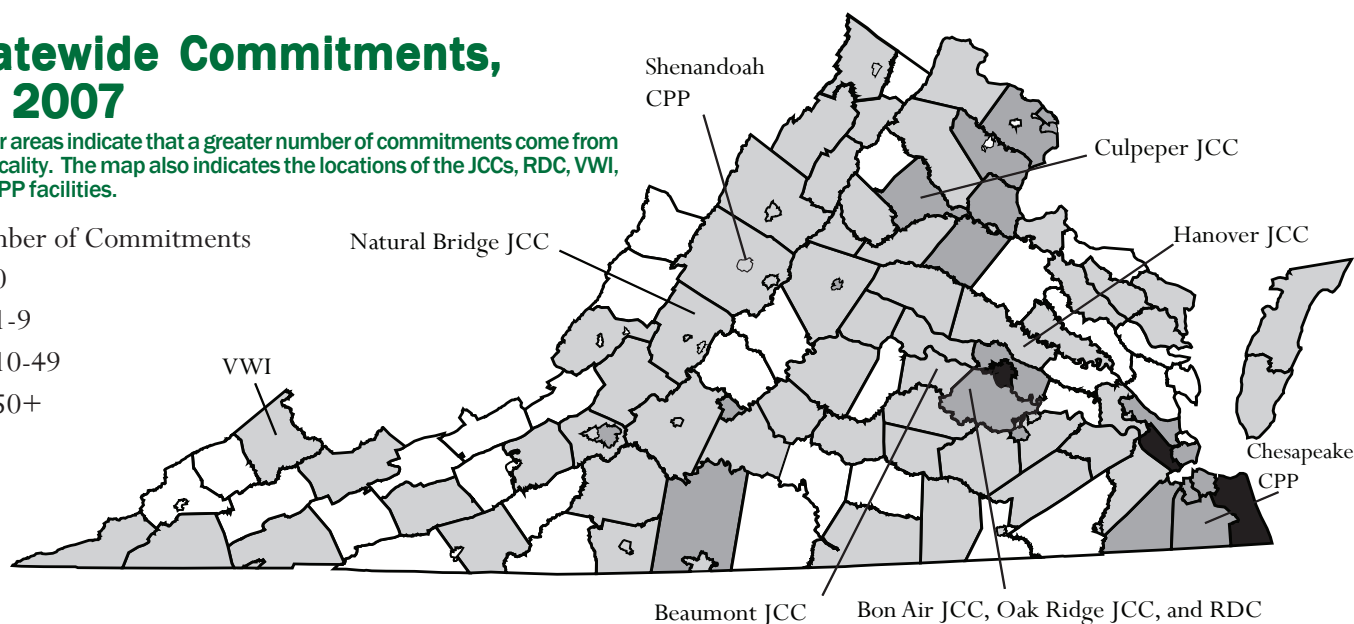
In FY 2007 two initiatives were implemented - a return to housing unit management as a basic approach to pairing staff with youth, and a behavior management program called REACH. REACH allows residents to earn credits for positive behavior and to exchange those credits for reinforcers or privileges. With consistent positive behavior residents can obtain higher levels within the program with

Statewide Commitments, FY 2007

Darker areas indicate that a greater number of commitments come from this locality. The map also indicates the locations of the JCCs, RDC, VWI, and CPP facilities.

Number of Commitments

- 0
- 1-9
- 10-49
- 50+



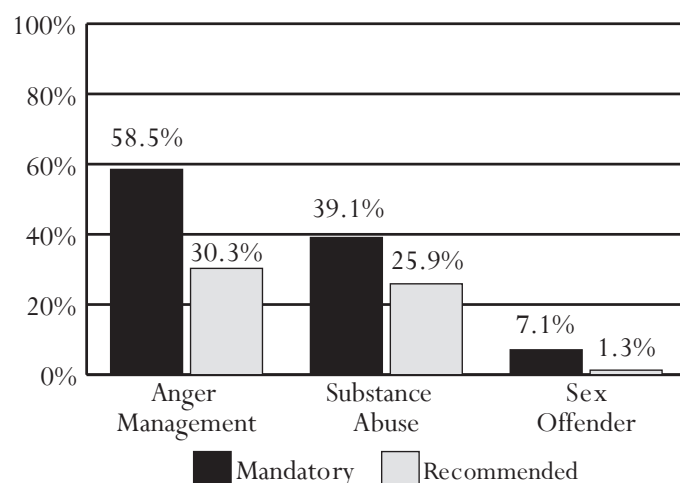
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

greater access to reinforcers at each level. The program also emphasizes the relationship between staff and residents and the appropriate modeling of behavior. To facilitate the REACH program, the correctional centers are returning to the housing unit management concept that pairs the same staff to work with the same youth on an ongoing basis. Staff and residents get to know each other, thereby increasing the expectations for appropriate behavior within the unit. Staff can also be more attentive to the individual needs of the youth and help them with their day-to-day problems, all of which is expected to result in the solving of problems and issues at the lowest level and reducing the need for physical intervention by staff.

RECEPTION AND DIAGNOSTIC CENTER (RDC)

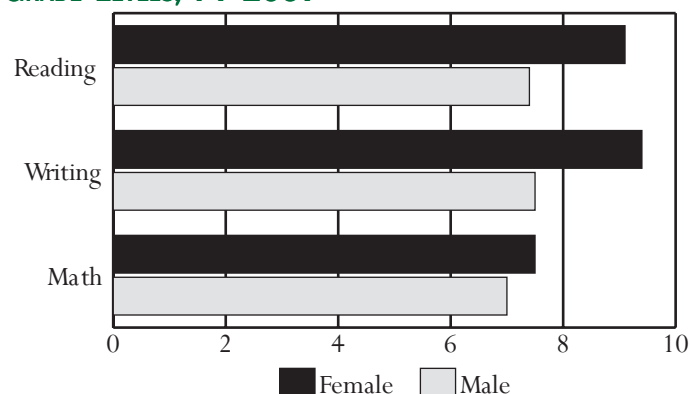
The Department maintains a centralized evaluation and classification process at the Carroll R. Minor Reception and Diagnostic Center (RDC). This facility serves as the central intake facility for all juveniles committed to DJJ and will be the first encounter a juvenile has with a correctional center. The facility was established in 1968 to receive, evaluate, and place all juveniles committed by the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District or Circuit Courts. With the primary function of orientation, evaluation, and classification of juveniles, services provided at RDC include academic, medical, psychological, behavioral, and sociological evaluation and classification to determine appropriate treatment needs, security requirements, institutional placements, and lengths of stay.

ADMISSIONS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



Although sex offender treatment is the least common treatment need, it can have the greatest impact on a ward's length of stay within the juvenile correctional centers.

ADMISSIONS BY READING, WRITING, AND MATH GRADE LEVELS, FY 2007



Female offenders consistently test at higher reading and writing grade levels. The difference is greatest for writing.

RDC operates a highly structured orientation and behavioral management program emphasizing development in areas of responsibility, empowerment, achievement, changes to ways of thinking and acting, and hope for a successful return to the community. It is designed to have juveniles take responsibility for their own actions and allows their behavior to determine quality of life, in terms of privileges. The facility consists of seven housing units; six for males and one for females. Juveniles may range in age from 11 to 20 and are typically housed at RDC from four to eight weeks depending upon individual needs. In addition to a psychological screening and evaluation, all youth receive medical and dental examinations. Sex offender evaluations are performed also. Each juvenile receives a battery of tests from the DCE staff to identify the appropriate educational level, vocational aptitude, and any special educational needs. RDC counselors are responsible for coordination of the evaluation process, individual and crisis counseling, completion of social history, and case management. At the conclusion of the evaluation process, individual evaluators meet to discuss each case to determine treatment needs, length of stay, classification, transition/re-entry, and placement recommendations. From RDC, juveniles are sent to their designated correctional facilities or special placements.

RDC plays a vital role in tracking juveniles through data. Juvenile Profiles, which provide a global picture of the juvenile and include education, mental health, physical, and social information, are developed at RDC. Additionally, the facility is responsible for housing and maintaining all master files. RDC is a clearinghouse for release information, works in conjunction with the State Library on retention and destruction of documents, and is responsible for initial case screening by reviewing all court and legal documentation regarding the commitment.

BEHAVIORAL SERVICES UNIT (BSU)

BSU is the organizational unit within the Division of Institutions that is responsible for providing mental health, substance abuse, sex offender, and anger control treatment services to youth who are in the JCCs and RDC.

Organizational Structure: There are four BSU staff located in the Central Office: the Chief Psychologist who serves as the

Director of BSU; the Program Manager for Substance Abuse Services; the Program Manager for Sex Offender Services; and the Program Manager for Anger Control Services. All of the JCCs have a licensed clinical psychologist on site who serves as the treatment director for the institution as well as clinicians who provide direct services.

BSU employs doctoral and masters level clinicians (psychologists, clinical social workers, rehabilitation counselors, etc.) who provide direct services to youth. BSU attempts to hire clinicians who are already licensed and certified in their respective specialties, and staff without prior license or certification are strongly encouraged to receive the supervision and training necessary to become certified and/or licensed. All supervisory staff are licensed mental health professionals.

Mental Health Treatment: Upon arrival at RDC each youth undergoes a psychological evaluation to identify his or her treatment needs. To address the mental health treatment needs of incarcerated youth, BSU provides individual, group, and family psychotherapy; crisis intervention services including assessment and prevention of self-injurious behavior; psychological assessment; case consultation; and staff training in treatment issues. Each institution has a part-time consulting psychiatrist who provides psychiatric evaluation and medication management. BSU provides 24/7 on-call services to respond to mental health emergencies including commitment to a psychiatric hospital.

BSU staffs intensive services units in the larger institutions to address the treatment needs of youth with significant emotional problems who cannot function well in the general population. In addition, BSU staff play integral roles in the design and implementation of treatment programs for special populations including the intellectually challenged and girls.

Substance Abuse Treatment: During evaluation at RDC, the substance abuse treatment needs of youth are assessed, and an individualized treatment plan is developed. State-of-the-art approaches for the treatment of adolescent substance abusers are employed and include psychoeducation and process groups. BSU staffs a self-contained unit for girls and three self-contained units for boys with significant substance abuse problems. Treatment completion generally requires three to six months.

Sex Offender Treatment: DJJ opened its first state-operated juvenile sex offender treatment unit in January 1990. The program has significantly expanded since that time in order to provide services to all juvenile sex offenders in the system. DJJ currently has 11 self-contained sex offender treatment units across five JCCs. Beaumont and Culpeper offer treatment to older juveniles; Hanover and Bon Air offer services to younger high school and middle school juveniles;

ADMISSIONS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

Most Serious Offense	Determinate		Indeterminate	
Offense Category				
Alcohol	0	0.0%	1	0.1%
Arson	0	0.0%	9	1.2%
Assault	14	13.5%	111	15.2%
Burglary	6	5.8%	129	17.7%
Disorderly Conduct	0	0.0%	1	0.1%
Escapes	0	0.0%	2	0.3%
Extortion	0	0.0%	2	0.3%
Failure to Appear	0	0.0%	4	0.5%
Fraud	0	0.0%	14	1.9%
Gangs	0	0.0%	8	1.1%
Kidnapping	1	1.0%	2	0.3%
Larceny	4	3.8%	165	22.6%
Murder	5	4.8%	5	0.7%
Narcotics	4	3.8%	51	7.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1	1.0%	7	1.0%
Parole Violation	1	1.0%	45	6.2%
Robbery	51	49.0%	83	11.4%
Sex Offense	15	14.4%	38	5.2%
Traffic	1	1.0%	6	0.8%
Trespass	0	0.0%	3	0.4%
Vandalism	0	0.0%	23	3.2%
Weapons	1	1.0%	20	2.7%
Offense Severity				
Felonies:				
Against Persons	89	85.6%	238	32.6%
Weapons/Narcotics	7	6.7%	48	6.6%
Other	7	6.7%	293	40.2%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
Against Persons	0	0.0%	49	6.7%
Other	0	0.0%	56	7.7%
Parole Violation	0	0.0%	45	6.2%
Other	1	1.0%	0	0.0%
Information Missing	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total Admissions	104	100.0%	729	100.0%

The most common offense for determinate admissions was robbery, and for indeterminate admissions it was larceny.



Care provided through Health Services

and Oak Ridge provides treatment to developmentally delayed juveniles of all ages.

Most juvenile sex offenders are placed in self-contained units. These units offer intensive milieu-based treatment where juveniles reside in housing units with other sex offenders. The units offer a range of treatment modalities that include individual and group psychotherapy, psycho-educational groups, and family psychotherapy. They are typically staffed by a psychologist, social worker, institutional counselor, and juvenile correctional officers. The clinical staff are either licensed or certified as sex offender treatment providers. Juvenile sex offenders are a heterogeneous population and treatment is individualized. However, all sex offenders address a number of core treatment objectives supplemented by individualized treatment activities. On average, successful completion of treatment requires approximately 18 months.

Because of the small number of female sex offenders, it has not been necessary to operate a self-contained sex offender treatment unit for girls.

HEALTH SERVICES

All medical, dental, nursing, and related health services are provided to youth confined within the JCCs. On intake, 40% of youth have a medical need requiring attention that often is a result of being medically underserved prior to admission. To meet the needs of confined youth, DJJ maintains a staff of board-certified physicians, dentists, and nurses. Services are provided at all JCCs to ensure that the medical, psychiatric, and dental care needs of youth are met during confinement. DJJ has a contract with Anthem to provide access to community health care providers for juveniles confined to

detention centers and JCCs. This contract ensures all health care services provided to confined youth, exterior to these confinement facilities, are delivered by qualified practitioners in a cost-effective fashion. The contract exemplifies the efforts of Health Services to provide quality care using the most efficient and economical service delivery models available.

DJJ's Health Services division works with the Department of Education, Department of Health, Department of Social Services and the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services on an initiative through the Center for Disease Control encouraging state agencies to work collaboratively to address the health needs of high risk youth.

The clinical staff of DJJ offers education courses to physician, dental, and nursing staff who work in correctional and detention centers from across the Commonwealth to ensure that they are current on adolescent health medical issues.

SECURITY AND OPERATIONS

The Security and Operations Section of the Division of Institutional Services incorporates functions that provide public safety including supervision and control of committed juveniles and support functions of proper facility operation. Security, which involves both public safety and the safety of the juveniles themselves, is facilitated by the juvenile correctional officers (JCOs) in the field. JCOs operate, using paramilitary style rankings and titles, under standard operating procedures that set forth proper techniques for addressing various situations and how facilities and services are to operate on a 24-hour basis. Support staff provide basic daily operating services including food service, maintenance, human resources, medical, recreation, and business office responsibilities.

As a safeguard for the resident, a grievance process is in place in the institutions. The grievance coordinator operates independently in order to provide juveniles with an outlet for addressing issues for which they have expressed concern.

CASE MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT PROGRAMS

The Case Management and Programs Section of the Division incorporates functions that provide oversight of treatment needs, security requirements (with respect to classification), length of stay, institutional placement, and changes while in direct care. Case management staff monitor how treatment and programs are operated, assess progress achieved, set parameters for the programs, and deal with broad regulations on classification as well as the residential location of juveniles with different classifications. They are responsible for ensuring that all needed services are available (including mental health, substance abuse,

sex offender, anger management, and independent living skills development) and operational at the facilities and serve as a liaison from the field to the administrative offices, and vice versa, for procedures and resources. They are responsible for establishing and updating the length of stay for each resident and the resident's custody classification. These staff follow the case management practices that will eventually justify the release of a juvenile back to the community and work with the community to provide a transition and parole plan for re-entry.

YOUTH INDUSTRIES

Juvenile re-entry programs begin with the premise that planning for release starts at intake. Recognizing that many of the youth released to the community from the JCCs are not prepared to enter the work force, the Youth Industries Program was created to help participants overcome barriers to employment and was designed as a partnership with DCE and the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL). DJJ manages its programs so that juveniles entrusted to its care are offered meaningful opportunities to learn employable skills and to practice those skills in a constructive environment.

Participant selection is based on a resident's custody level, age, physical abilities, length of stay, and educational development and requirements. Those residents who meet established criteria are afforded the opportunity to engage in employment provided both on the JCC grounds and in local communities through

agreements with agencies of state and local government, private employers, foundations, and charitable organizations. Additionally, residents who otherwise might not be able to complete or participate in all phases of the work-training program may be offered the opportunity to contribute toward meaningful community service work activities both on the facility grounds and in the local communities.

Each JCC, in cooperation with DCE, develops its own processes to provide work-training programs to their population, based on local resources, staff competencies, and juvenile characteristics. For this reason, programs offered at each of the JCCs vary. However, similar elementary components are provided that lead towards a positive result as juveniles enter the workforce upon release. In an effort to improve a juvenile's likelihood of success, Youth Industries works with the State's One-Stop Centers, operated through the Virginia Workforce Council and Workforce Investment Boards, to help secure employment and other needed services for these youthful offenders.

Selected youth receive one or more of the following:

- vocational and academic instruction,
- hands-on work-based training,
- ongoing counseling services,
- transitional skills and services,
- and follow-up.

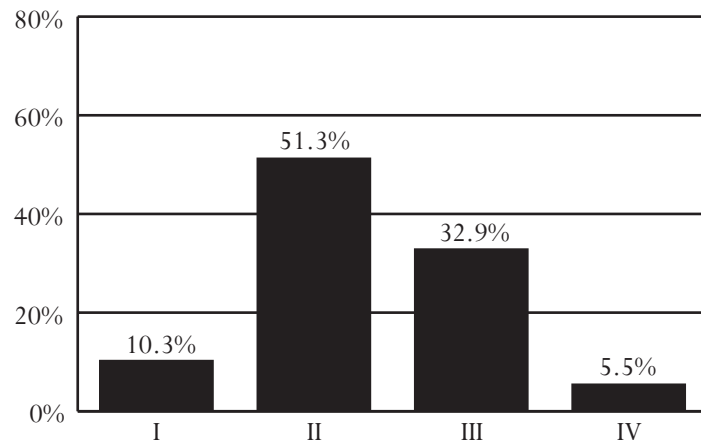
If warranted, participating juveniles are modestly compensated based on work-training hours completed or receive an established piecework rate. Fields of study may also be integrated with an apprenticeship program. Such fields of study include horticulture, silk screening, offset printing, food service, immediate assembly, woodworking, electrical, barbering, embroidery, vinyl sign-making, advertising and design, and computer repair. Each year, creative arts and crafts work produced by juveniles throughout DJJ are collected for display and sale at the annual *Expressions Arts and Crafts Exhibit* held at the General Assembly Building at the start of the legislative session.

During the past few fiscal years, DJJ, in conjunction with DCE, has utilized DOL grant funding from two separate grants to build/enhance Youth Industry programming at Beaumont, Culpeper, and Natural Bridge JCCs. Juveniles who participated in a program under the DOL grants were provided with an aftercare component that focused on the employability of the juvenile through education, work experience, direct job placement, follow-up, or a combination of these. Since expiration of the grant funding, DJJ and DCE have assumed all program-related costs to ensure that these opportunities continue to be available for residents.



Juvenile participating in the new Horticulture Program at Culpeper JCC

ADMISSIONS BY SECURITY INITIAL CLASSIFICATION LEVEL, FY 2007



62% of wards admitted to the JCCs in FY 2007 had a low or medium initial classification level.

At Beaumont, the funding was used to establish a barbering program, an electrical program, and to expand the printing program. Funding was used at Culpeper JCC to establish both a barbering and a horticulture program. At Natural Bridge, grant funds allowed for development of a 10-bed Work/Education Release program that utilizes living quarters separate from other juveniles housed at Natural Bridge JCC. This program provides selected juveniles an opportunity to obtain higher education or work-experiences outside of a JCC campus. Wages earned are first used to pay any restitutions, fines, or court costs.

Juveniles from the barbering and electrical programs at Beaumont have completed numerous jobs around the Beaumont facility, including electrical wiring and barbering work. The electrical program at Beaumont has also incorporated a copper/fiber optic based Network Cabling Installer course. Completing this eight-month course will allow a juvenile to become a certified cable installer. Currently, the juveniles at Culpeper JCC participating in the barbering program provide grooming services for other juveniles housed at the facility as well as to staff. The horticulture program is operational in a classroom setting, and the greenhouse is currently being constructed. Residents involved in the horticulture program have completed beautification projects at the Culpeper facility as well as other JCCs. To date, eight juveniles from the Beaumont and Culpeper barbering programs have earned their barbering licenses. By the end of FY 2007, 45 juveniles had participated in the Work/Education Release Program at Natural Bridge and have attended college classes at a nearby campus and/or have been employed by local businesses.

The Youth Industries program is also responsible for coordinating the Inter/Intramural Recreation and Extracurricular Activities Program (IREAP), which was introduced into the JCCs in 2007. IREAP is a component of the recently implemented REACH Behavioral Management Program, providing opportunities for the diverse resident population to participate in structured, healthy competition in traditional sports and academic-related activities. Scheduled activities for Fall 2007 include basketball, softball, chess, and table tennis tournaments, and an academic bowl. These activities will allow the residents a chance to travel to other JCCs and compete against their peers.

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

The Department operates an objective classification system to enable staff to assess a resident's appropriate security and custody level, determine the most appropriate services and programs, assign residents to appropriate housing placements within a facility, and assess residents for placement in community transition programs and for special needs. The classification system also provides for periodic reviews of security, custody, and program placement in light of the juveniles' needs and progress and for the re-classification of juveniles as appropriate. A resident's behavior, initial committing offense and willingness to participate in treatment/education programs will impact the classification level.

Residents are classified according to their need for structure:

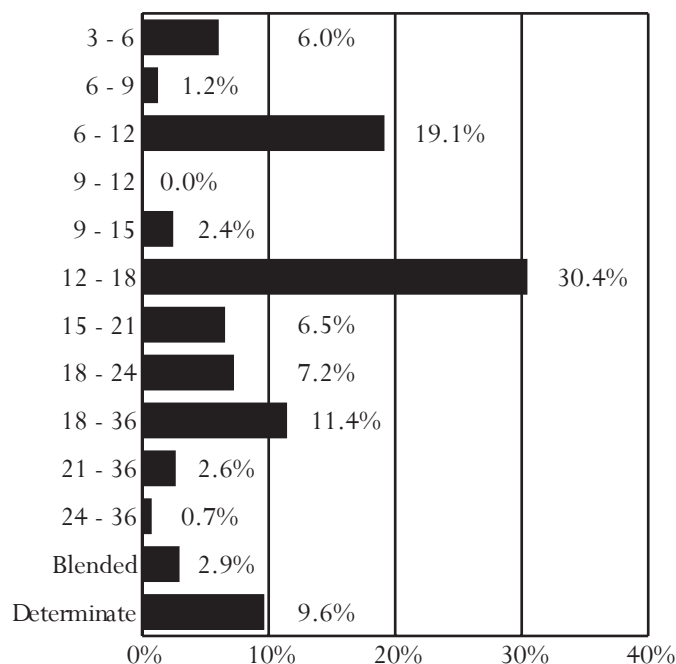
- Level I - low structure
- Level II - medium structure
- Level III - high structure
- Level IV - intensive structure

Facilities are classified according to the level of security they provide:

- Level I - low security, structure, and supervision
- Level II - medium security, structure, and supervision
- Level III - high security, structure, and supervision
- Level IV - intensive security, structure, and supervision

Residents are assigned to facilities based on these classification levels, age, sex, and other factors identified in Appendix D. The need for specific treatment may override a classification level, but the classification level is still taken into consideration for room assignment, not treatment needs. For example, a Level I and a Level IV may both participate in Sex Offender treatment together, but they will not be housed in the same living quarters. (Initial Classification and Reclassification forms can be found in Appendices F and G respectively.)

ADMISSIONS BY LENGTH OF STAY ASSIGNMENTS, FY 2007



13% of wards admitted to the JCCs in FY 2007 had a determinate or blended sentence. Of those with an indeterminate sentence, 22% were assigned a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.

LENGTH OF STAY (LOS)

Using guidelines issued by the Board of Juvenile Justice, DJJ establishes the length of stay for indeterminately committed juveniles based on the severity of a juvenile's offense(s), chronicity of criminal behavior, and any aggravating or mitigating factors associated with the criminal behavior, with due consideration given to the youth's treatment needs and demonstrated behavior while under DJJ's supervision. LOS categories are defined by an anticipated minimum and maximum number of months that the resident will remain with DJJ. For example, the LOS category

3-6 indicates a resident is expected to stay between three and six months. The actual LOS may vary from this range due to institutional offenses or failure to complete mandatory treatment. (The guidelines and LOS categories can be found in Appendix E.)

RELEASES BY ACTUAL LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007*

LOS Category	Actual LOS	Releases	Releases, %
3 - 6 months	6.55	61	7.1%
6 - 9 months	10.06	5	0.6%
6 - 12 months	7.78	182	21.3%
9 - 12 months	9.00	1	0.1%
9 - 15 months	7.52	15	1.8%
12 - 18 months	11.35	223	26.1%
15 - 21 months	13.19	54	6.3%
18 - 24 months	16.85	57	6.7%
18 - 36 months	20.43	103	12.0%
21 - 36 months	20.16	15	1.8%
24 - 36 months	28.17	22	2.6%
Blended	27.52	12	1.4%
Total Indeterminate	12.70	745	87.1%
Determinate	28.58	98	11.5%

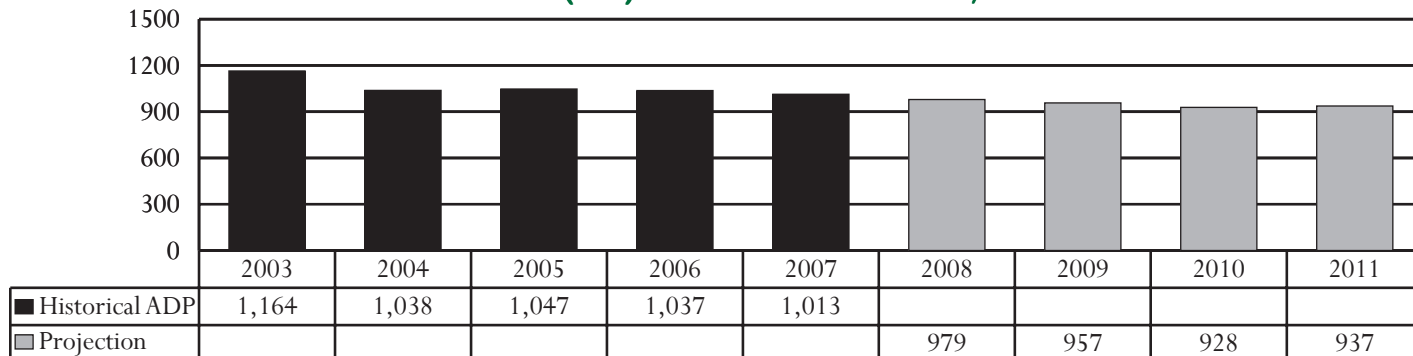
*Seven juveniles had subsequent commitments with an LOS category exceeding 36 months

The average actual LOS for juveniles admitted with a determinate sentence is 29 months.

PROJECTION FOR THE INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION

Each year DJJ, in conjunction with the Governor's Inmate Population Forecasting Committee, produces a projection of the state responsible juvenile average daily population. The most recent forecast projects the institutional population to decrease by 8% between FY 2007 and FY 2011. It is important to note that the values shown in the table are the June values for each fiscal year.

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (JUNE) - HISTORICAL AND PROJECTED, FY 2003-2011



The state responsible juvenile offender population (including private provider programs) is expected to decrease by 8% between FY 2007 - 2011. The historical ADP and forecast numbers shown in the table are the June values for each fiscal year.

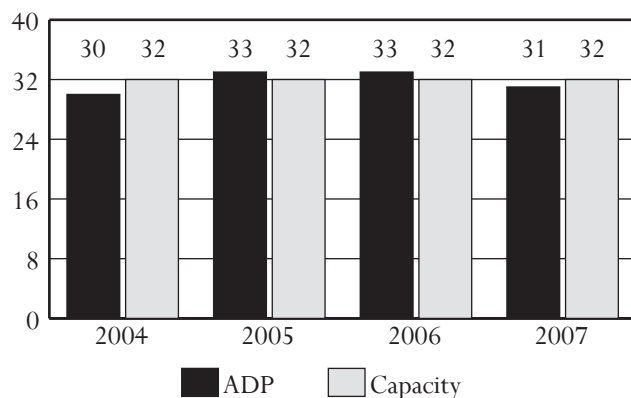
Virginia Wilderness Institute (VWI)

DJJ contracts with the Associated Marine Institute (AMI) to manage and operate the Virginia Wilderness Institute (VWI), a 32-bed facility serving committed offenders. Remotely located in Grundy, Virginia, VWI is a highly structured, disciplined, residential program for males. The program focuses on accountability and competency. The facility emphasizes work ethics, education, self-discipline, responsibility, and accountability through participation in rigorous work and daily structure. VWI offers a full range of academic and vocational instruction. A community coordinator works with each resident, both before and after release from the facility, to assist in transition to the community. The community coordination includes assistance with job search, school re-enrollment, and locating other support services in the community. Information on rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates for juveniles placed at VWI may be found in the Reoffense Rates section.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AGE, AND REGION FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	75.0%	66.7%	57.1%	56.4%
White	25.0%	23.1%	37.1%	38.5%
Hispanic	0.0%	5.1%	2.9%	5.1%
Other	0.0%	5.1%	2.9%	0.0%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
14	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
15	10.4%	10.3%	11.4%	7.7%
16	31.3%	33.3%	31.4%	25.6%
17	47.9%	30.8%	40.0%	48.7%
18	10.4%	15.4%	17.1%	15.4%
19 or older	0.0%	7.7%	0.0%	2.6%
Region				
Western	14.6%	10.3%	14.3%	28.2%
Northern	25.0%	23.1%	37.1%	33.3%
Eastern	60.4%	66.7%	48.6%	38.5%
Total Placements	48	39	35	39

VWI ADP vs CAPACITY, FY 2004-2007



PLACEMENTS BY LOS ASSIGNMENTS, FY 2007

LOS Category	Placements	LOS Category	Placements
6 - 12 Months	1	18 - 36 Months	7
9 - 15 Months	1	21 - 36 Months	1
12 - 18 Months	14	24 - 36 Months	1
15 - 21 Months	7	Determinate	2
18 - 24 Months	5	Total	39



Juveniles taking part in a track meet at the AMI Olympics (the local Walmart supplied the youth with their clothing, shoes, and equipment.)

Chesapeake Community Placement Program (CPP)

Chesapeake Juvenile Services operates the Community Placement Program (CPP) to serve committed male offenders through a contractual partnership between DJJ and the detention center. This 10-bed program began in December 2004 and allows for placement of state-committed juveniles in a smaller, community-based setting. Pursuant to the contractual agreement, the Chesapeake CPP utilizes a positive-based, incentive-earning, behavior management program and offers services including anger management, substance abuse, life and employability skills, and vocational education. Facility-specific services include Moral Reconciliation Therapy, family therapy, and a horticulture program, whereby residents maintain a greenhouse on the premises. Residents are enrolled in an accredited local school program, licensed by the Department of Education, and may work toward earning a high school diploma or GED.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AGE, AND REGION FY 2006-2007

Demographics	2006	2007
Race		
Black	64.0%	84.6%
White	28.0%	3.8%
Hispanic	8.0%	3.8%
Other	0.0%	7.7%
Sex		
Male	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%
Age		
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%
14	4.0%	3.8%
15	16.0%	15.4%
16	40.0%	61.5%
17	40.0%	19.2%
18 or older	0.0%	0.0%
Region		
Western	4.0%	0.0%
Northern	4.0%	11.5%
Eastern	92.0%	88.5%
Total Placements	25	26



CPP residents built and maintain the greenhouse with a teacher

PLACEMENTS BY LOS ASSIGNMENTS, FY 2007

LOS Category	Placements	LOS Category	Placements
3 - 6 Months	2	15 - 21 Months	3
6 - 12 Months	6	18 - 24 Months	2
9 - 15 Months	1	18 - 36 Months	1
12 - 18 Months	10	24 - 36 Months	1

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007*

Most Serious Offense	Total	%
Offense Category		
Assault	4	15.4%
Burglary	4	15.4%
Fraud	1	3.8%
Larceny	11	42.3%
Narcotics	1	3.8%
Parole Violation	2	7.7%
Robbery	3	11.5%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	6	23.1%
Weapons/Narcotics	2	7.7%
Other	12	46.2%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	3	11.5%
Other	1	3.8%
Prob./Parole Violation	2	7.7%
Total Placements	26	100.0%

*None of the residents placed at Chesapeake CPP in FY 2007 had determinate sentences.

- *Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Felony - 77.0% of placements
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 15.3% of placements
- *Average Daily Population vs Capacity:*
 - In FY 2007, ADP was 9 and capacity was 10.

Shenandoah Community Placement Program (CPP)

The Community Placement Program (CPP) at Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center began in April 2004 to serve committed male offenders through a contractual partnership between DJJ and the detention center. The program allows for placement of state-committed juveniles in a smaller, community-based setting by providing them with a secure 10-bed pod separate from the detention population. CPP utilizes a positive-based, incentive-earning, behavior management program and offers services based upon a cognitive-behavioral theoretical model including anger management and substance abuse. The Department of Education provides the educational program as well as a teacher specifically dedicated to the CPP. Curricula include life, employability, and vocational skills. In addition, residents may work toward high school diploma credits or work on and even earn a GED while in the Program. Residents who meet the appropriate criteria may qualify for social and community outings, including participation in the Community Food Pantry Program.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AGE, AND REGION FY 2006-2007

Demographics	2006	2007
Race		
Black	66.7%	34.8%
White	33.3%	39.1%
Hispanic	0.0%	17.4%
Other	0.0%	8.7%
Sex		
Male	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%
Age		
Under 14	4.2%	0.0%
14	4.2%	0.0%
15	25.0%	13.0%
16	20.8%	56.5%
17	45.8%	30.4%
18 or older	0.0%	0.0%
Region		
Western	20.8%	26.1%
Northern	45.8%	60.9%
Eastern	33.3%	13.0%
Total Placements	24	23

PLACEMENTS BY LOS ASSIGNMENTS, FY 2007

LOS Category	Placements	LOS Category	Placements
6 - 12 Months	8	18 - 36 Months	1
12 - 18 Months	13	Determinate	1

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Assault	0.0%	9.1%
Burglary	0.0%	18.2%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	4.5%
Larceny	0.0%	40.9%
Robbery	100.0%	13.6%
Traffic	0.0%	4.5%
Vandalism	0.0%	9.1%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	100.0%	27.3%
Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	0.0%
Other	0.0%	63.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	4.5%
Other	0.0%	4.5%
Parole Violation	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	1	22



CPP juvenile participating in the food pantry program

- *Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Felony - 90.9% of indeterminate placements
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 9.0% of indeterminate placements
- *Average Daily Population vs Capacity:*
 - In FY 2007, ADP was 10 and capacity was also 10.

All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Beaumont JCC

Superintendent: Michael Ito
Capacity: 288

3500 Beaumont Road
Beaumont, Virginia 23014
804-556-3316

Population Housed: 16-20 year old more aggressive male offenders

Programs/Services Include: Anger Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Life Skills; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Enhanced Transitional Parole; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs

DCE School(s): Paul S. Blanford School and Annex

DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program including GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career and technical programs; apprenticeship programs; College Bound Program; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	72.6%	69.4%	74.2%	72.1%
White	21.1%	24.3%	20.9%	22.6%
Hispanic	4.6%	3.9%	3.5%	4.1%
Other	1.7%	2.5%	1.4%	1.2%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	1.3%	2.1%	0.5%	0.9%
16	30.8%	14.1%	23.9%	20.0%
17	41.4%	58.5%	57.3%	62.1%
18	23.6%	21.8%	15.8%	15.9%
19 or older	2.5%	3.5%	2.4%	1.2%
Total Placements	237	284	368	340

•Source of Placements:

- 52.9% were from the Eastern Region, 31.5% were from the Northern Region, and 15.6% were from the Western Region.

•Juveniles Placed at Beaumont:

- A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 17 years old, and male.

•Treatment Programs:

- 70.0% had a substance abuse treatment need.
- 91.2% had an anger management treatment need.
- 8.2% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.

•Committing Offenses:

- The 340 juveniles placed at Beaumont in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 1,151 offenses, with an average of 3.4 offenses per juvenile.
- 9 juveniles placed at Beaumont were recommitted in FY2007 due to an institutional offense.

•Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):

- Determinate Sentence - Robbery (56.4%)
- Indeterminate Sentence - Burglary (19.3%)

•Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):

- Felony - 100.0% of Determinate; 79.6% of Indeterminate
- Class 1 Misdemeanor - 13.0% of Indeterminate

•LOS Assignment:

- 16.1% had a determinate or blended sentence.
- 39.4% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
- 29.8% (101 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.

•Custody Classification:

- 47.9% of all juveniles placed in FY 2007 with a classification level of IV were housed at Beaumont.

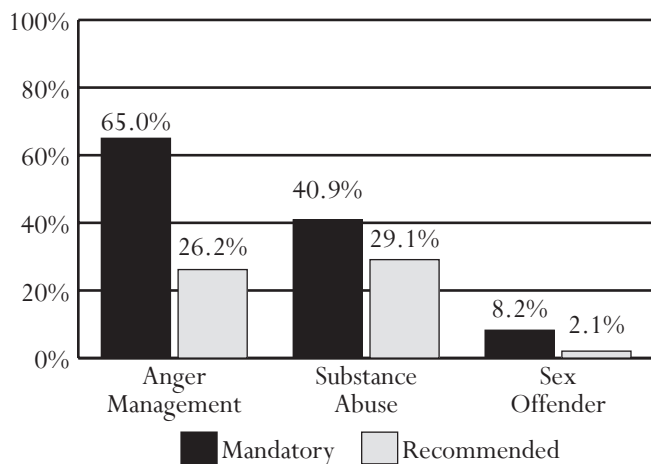
•Average Daily Population:

- ADP decreased 25% between FY 1999 and FY 2007.

•Utilization Rate:

- Beaumont's utilization rate increased from 81.1% in FY 2006 to 95.5% in FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



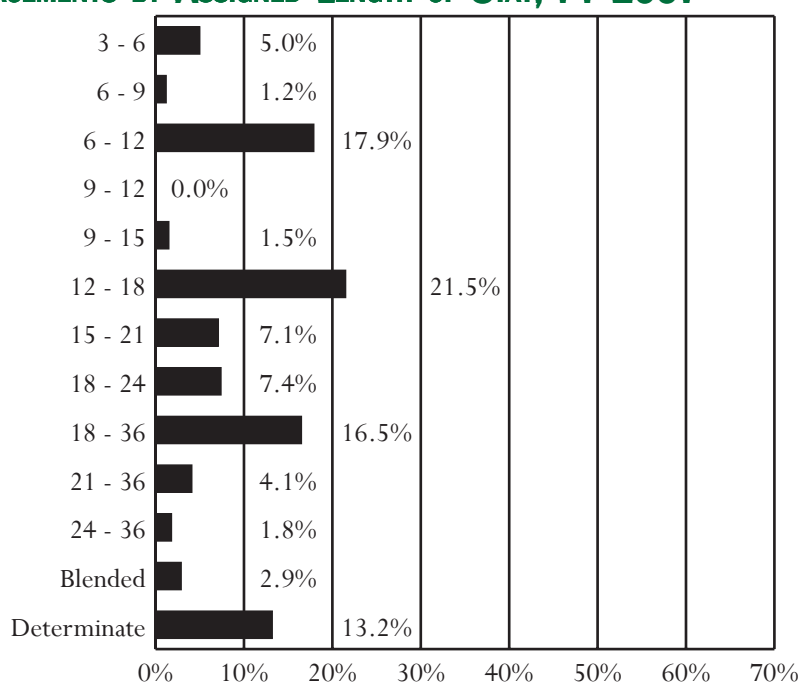
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

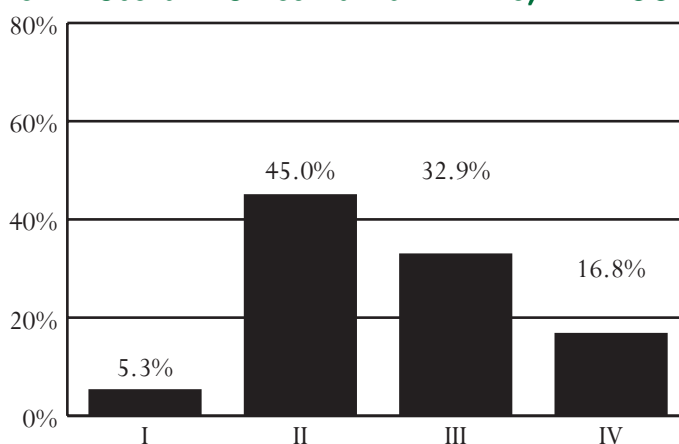
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	2.1%
Assault	20.0%	13.0%
Burglary	1.8%	19.3%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.7%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.4%
Fraud	0.0%	1.1%
Gangs	1.8%	0.7%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	1.8%	15.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	1.8%	0.4%
Narcotics	1.8%	11.2%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	1.1%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	7.4%
Robbery	56.4%	12.3%
Sex Offense	12.7%	6.0%
Traffic	1.8%	1.1%
Trespass	0.0%	0.4%
Vandalism	0.0%	4.6%
Weapons	0.0%	2.8%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	90.9%	34.7%
Weapons/Narcotics	1.8%	11.9%
Other	7.3%	33.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	6.7%
Other	0.0%	6.3%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	7.4%
Total Placements	55	285

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

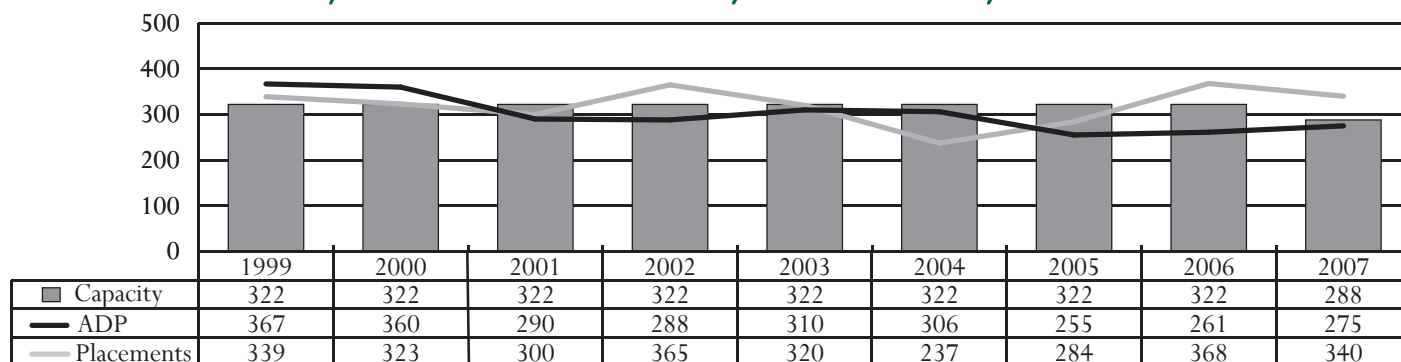
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Bon Air JCC

Superintendent: Linda S. McWilliams
Capacity: 213

1900 Chatsworth Avenue
Bon Air, Virginia 23235
804-323-2550

Population Housed: 14-18 year old male offenders; 11-20 year old female offenders (Bon Air is the only JCC to house females with a special placement unit for circuit court committed females 18 years and 6 months or older to comply with sight and sound regulations)

Programs/Services Include: Anger Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; gender specific programming; Enhanced Transitional Parole; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs.

DCE School(s): Joseph Mastin School and Annex

DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program with GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career & technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	70.4%	71.8%	73.9%	67.6%
White	25.5%	23.8%	21.9%	25.5%
Hispanic	2.5%	3.0%	2.8%	5.2%
Other	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.7%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	81.5%	80.1%	72.4%
Female	0.0%	18.5%	19.9%	27.6%
Age				
Under 14	2.2%	3.8%	3.1%	0.3%
14	12.9%	10.3%	13.9%	6.2%
15	27.7%	27.3%	31.0%	25.9%
16	31.4%	35.3%	34.7%	47.2%
17	20.8%	17.3%	13.9%	17.2%
18	4.1%	5.3%	2.8%	2.8%
19 or older	0.9%	1.0%	0.6%	0.3%
Total Placements	318	400	352	290

•Source of Placements:

- 53.1% were from the Eastern Region, 32.4% were from the Northern Region, and 14.5% were from the Western Region.

•Juveniles Placed at Bon Air:

- A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 16 years old, and male.

•Treatment Programs:

- 58.6% had a substance abuse treatment need.
- 91.0% had an anger management treatment need.
- 9.7% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.

•Committing Offenses:

- The 290 juveniles placed at Bon Air in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 943 offenses, with an average of 3.3 offenses per juvenile.
- 2 juveniles placed at Bon Air were recommitted in FY2007 as a result of an institutional offense.

•Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):

- Determinate Sentence - Robbery (31.6%)
- Indeterminate Sentence - Larceny (23.8%)

•Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):

- Felony - 100.0% of Determinate; 77.8% of Indeterminate
- Class 1 Misdemeanor - 16.6% of Indeterminate

•LOS Assignment:

- 13.1% had a determinate or blended sentence.
- 50.0% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
- 20.0% (58 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.

•Custody Classification:

- 19.3% of all juveniles placed in FY 2007 with a classification level of IV were housed at Bon Air.

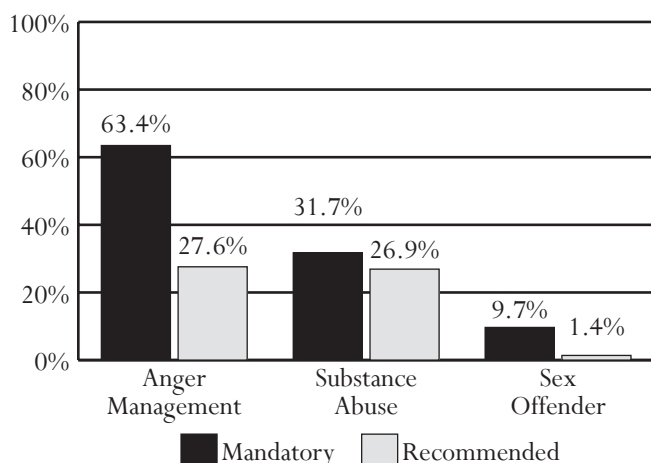
•Average Daily Population:

- ADP decreased 36% between FY 2000 and FY 2007.

•Utilization Rate:

- Bon Air's utilization rate decreased from 120.0% in FY 2006 to 97.7% in FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



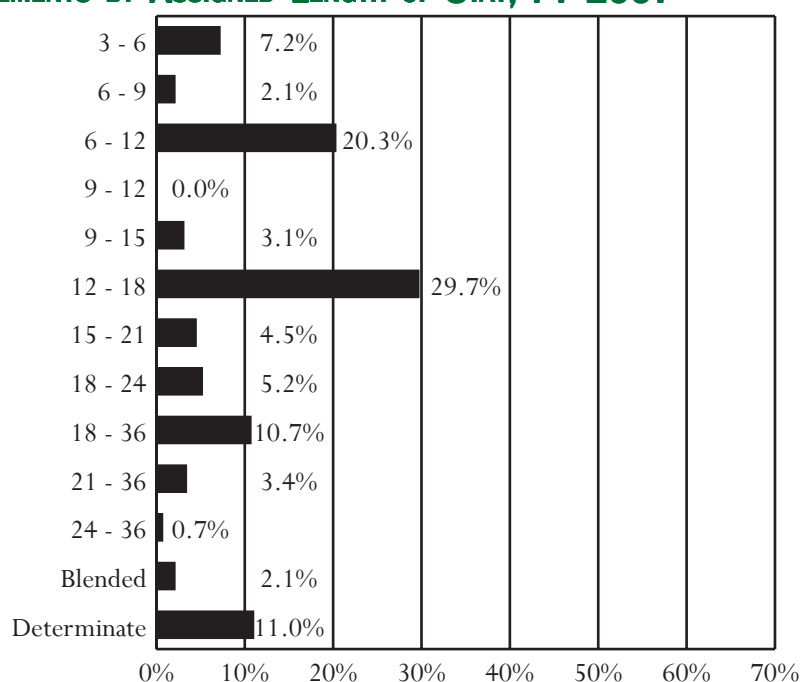
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

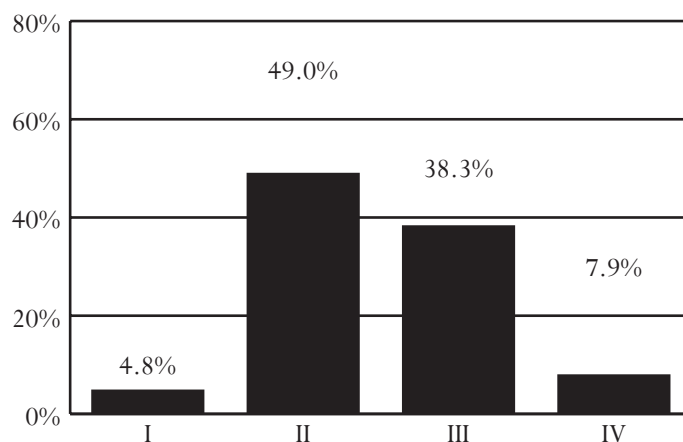
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	2.0%
Assault	15.8%	18.3%
Burglary	7.9%	14.7%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.4%
Escapes	0.0%	0.8%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.4%
Fraud	0.0%	2.0%
Gangs	0.0%	1.6%
Kidnapping	2.6%	0.4%
Larceny	2.6%	23.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.8%
Murder	10.5%	0.4%
Narcotics	7.9%	3.6%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.6%	1.2%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	5.6%
Robbery	31.6%	11.1%
Sex Offense	15.8%	7.9%
Traffic	0.0%	0.8%
Trespass	0.0%	0.4%
Vandalism	0.0%	1.6%
Weapons	2.6%	2.4%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	84.2%	34.9%
Weapons/Narcotics	10.5%	3.2%
Other	5.3%	39.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	8.7%
Other	0.0%	7.9%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	5.6%
Total Placements	38	252

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

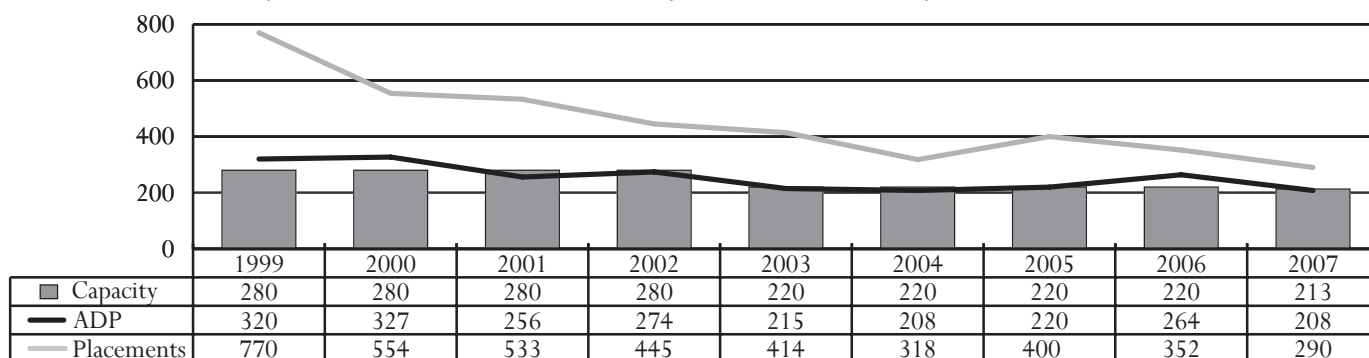
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Culpeper JCC

Superintendent: Crystal M. Wynn
Capacity: 144

12240 Coffeewood Drive
Mitchells, Virginia 22729
540-727-3333

Population Housed*: 18-20 year old male offenders (emphasis on circuit court committed youth 18.6 years of age or older)

Programs/Services Include: Anger Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Independent Living; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs; and barbering/horticulture programs initiated by a Department of Labor grant.

DCE School(s): Cedar Mountain School

DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program with GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career & technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

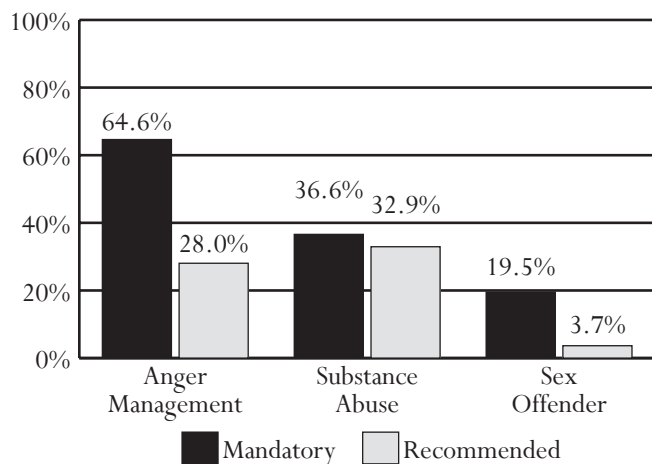
*Culpeper operated as a female-only facility beginning in FY 2003 and ending during FY 2005.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	57.5%	64.5%	81.0%	68.3%
White	40.0%	30.4%	15.0%	25.6%
Hispanic	0.0%	3.6%	1.4%	4.9%
Other	2.5%	1.4%	2.7%	1.2%
Sex				
Male	1.3%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	98.8%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
14	16.3%	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%
15	17.5%	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%
16	30.0%	13.8%	2.0%	0.0%
17	30.0%	26.8%	34.7%	6.1%
18	6.3%	29.0%	40.1%	78.0%
19 or older	0.0%	17.4%	23.1%	15.9%
Total Placements	80	138	147	82

- **Source of Placements:**
 - 58.5% were from the Eastern Region, 24.4% were from the Northern Region, and 17.1% were from the Western Region.
- **Juveniles Placed at Culpeper:**
 - A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 18 years old, and male.
- **Treatment Programs:**
 - 69.5% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 92.6% had an anger management treatment need.
 - 19.5% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- **Committing Offenses:**
 - The 82 juveniles placed at Culpeper in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 291 offenses, with an average of 3.5 offenses per juvenile.
 - 1 juvenile placed at Culpeper was recommitted in FY2007 as a result of an institutional offense.
- **Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):**
 - Determinate Sentence - Robbery (46.9%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence - Robbery (38.9%)
- **Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):**
 - Felony - 96.9% of Determinate; 94.4% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 0.0% of Indeterminate
- **LOS Assignment:**
 - 78.1% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 8.5% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 10.9% (9 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.
- **Custody Classification:**
 - 16.0% of all juveniles placed in FY 2007 with a classification level of IV were housed at Culpeper.
- **Average Daily Population:**
 - ADP decreased 53% between FY 2000 and FY 2004, then increased 138% between FY 2004 and FY 2007.
- **Utilization Rate:**
 - Culpeper's utilization rate decreased from 99.2% in FY 2006 to 86.1% in FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



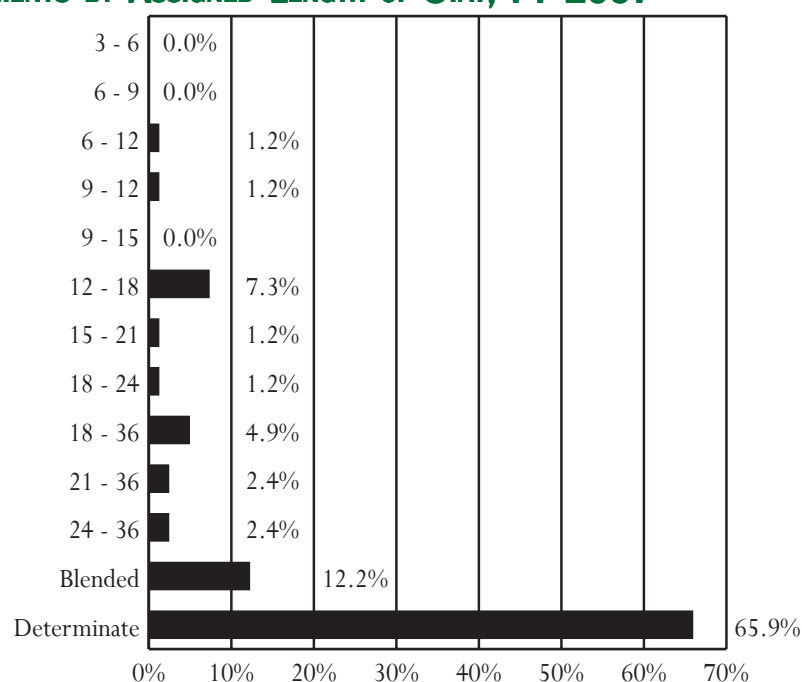
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

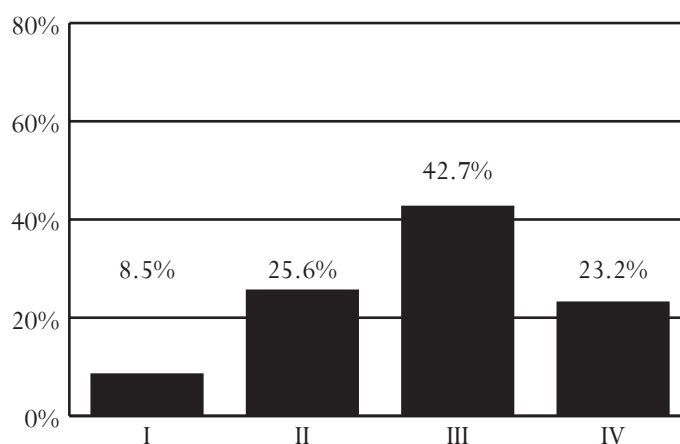
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	14.1%	16.7%
Burglary	6.3%	5.6%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	1.6%	5.6%
Kidnapping	1.6%	0.0%
Larceny	1.6%	11.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.6%	11.1%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation ¹	3.1%	5.6%
Robbery	46.9%	38.9%
Sex Offense	21.9%	5.6%
Traffic	1.6%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	82.8%	72.2%
Weapons/Narcotics	6.3%	11.1%
Other	7.8%	11.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	0.0%
Other	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation ¹	3.1%	5.6%
Total Placements	64	18

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

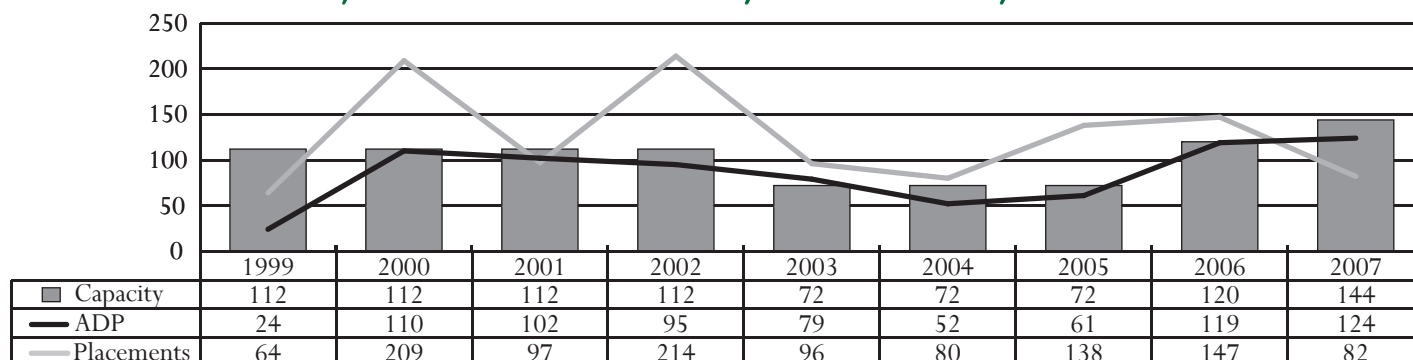
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Hanover JCC

Superintendent: Sharon P. Havens
Capacity: 132

7093 Broad Neck Road
Hanover, Virginia 23069
804-537-5316

Population Housed: 11-18 year old male offenders

Programs/Services Include: JROTC; Anger Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs.

DCE School(s): John H. Smyth School

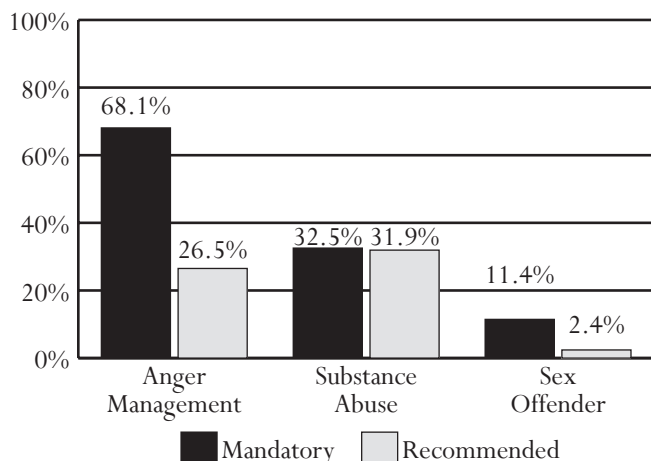
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education and full middle school curriculum including GED preparation and testing as well as career and technical programs.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	62.9%	69.8%	57.8%	77.7%
White	34.8%	22.9%	32.8%	16.3%
Hispanic	1.7%	6.3%	4.7%	4.8%
Other	0.6%	1.0%	4.7%	1.2%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	2.2%	2.1%	0.0%	6.0%
14	9.0%	10.9%	4.7%	22.3%
15	23.6%	23.4%	15.6%	39.2%
16	27.0%	25.5%	39.8%	19.9%
17	30.3%	26.6%	35.9%	10.2%
18	7.9%	9.4%	3.1%	1.8%
19 or older	0.0%	2.1%	0.8%	0.6%
Total Placements	178	192	128	166

- **Source of Placements:**
 - 57.8% were from the Eastern Region, 31.3% were from the Northern Region, and 10.8% were from the Western Region.
- **Juveniles Placed at Hanover:**
 - A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 15 years old, and male.
- **Treatment Programs:**
 - 64.4% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 94.6% had an anger management treatment need.
 - 11.4% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- **Committing Offenses:**
 - The 166 juveniles placed at Hanover in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 652 offenses, with an average of 3.9 offenses per juvenile.
 - 4 juveniles placed at Hanover were recommitted in FY2007 due to an institutional offense.
- **Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):**
 - Determinate Sentence - Robbery (53.6%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence - Robbery (21.7%) or Larceny (20.3%)
- **Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):**
 - Felony - 100.0% of Determinate; 91.3% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 8.6% of Indeterminate
- **LOS Assignment:**
 - 16.9% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 35.5% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 32.5% (54 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.
- **Custody Classification:**
 - 10.9% of all juveniles placed in FY 2007 with a classification level of IV were housed at Hanover.
- **Average Daily Population:**
 - ADP decreased 42% between FY 1999 and FY 2002, increased by 30% from FY 2002 to FY 2003, and decreased 27% between FY 2003 and FY 2007.
- **Utilization Rate:**
 - Hanover's utilization rate decreased from 98.0% in FY 2006 to 96.2% in FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



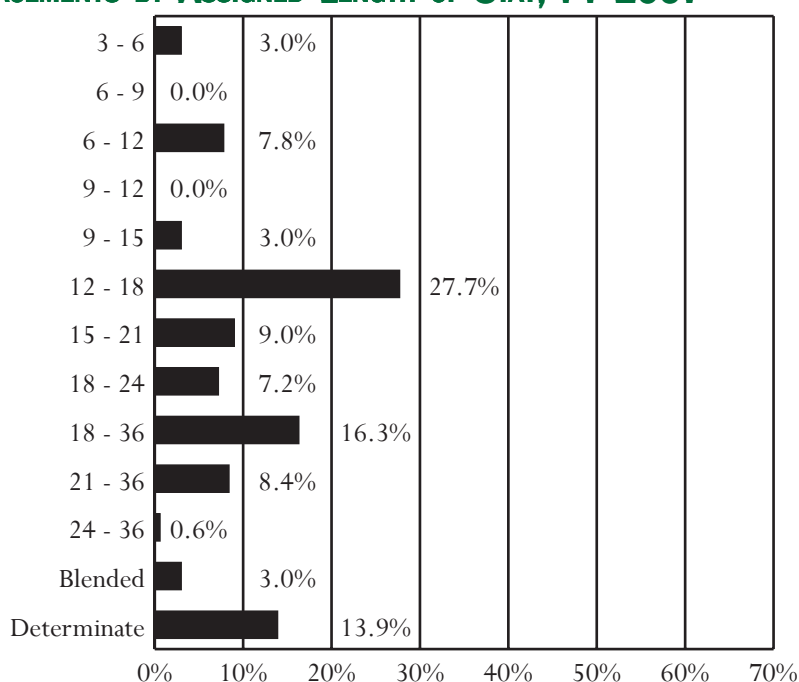
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

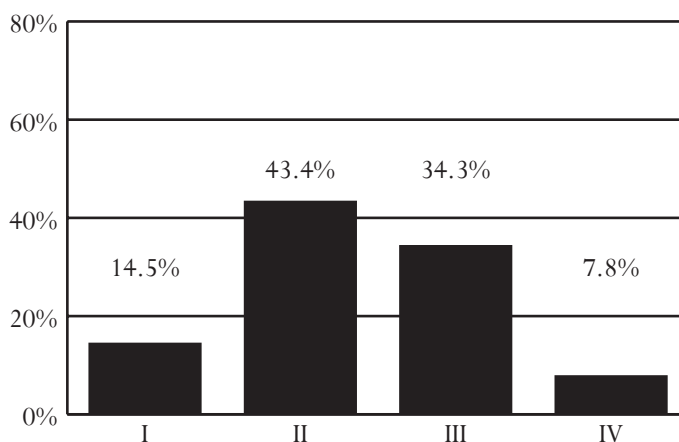
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	10.7%	14.5%
Burglary	10.7%	18.8%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.7%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.7%
Fraud	0.0%	0.7%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.7%
Larceny	3.6%	20.3%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.7%
Murder	14.3%	0.7%
Narcotics	3.6%	3.6%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	53.6%	21.7%
Sex Offense	3.6%	10.9%
Traffic	0.0%	1.4%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	2.9%
Weapons	0.0%	1.4%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	85.7%	45.7%
Weapons/Narcotics	7.1%	6.5%
Other	7.1%	39.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	4.3%
Other	0.0%	4.3%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	0.0%
Total Placements	28	138

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

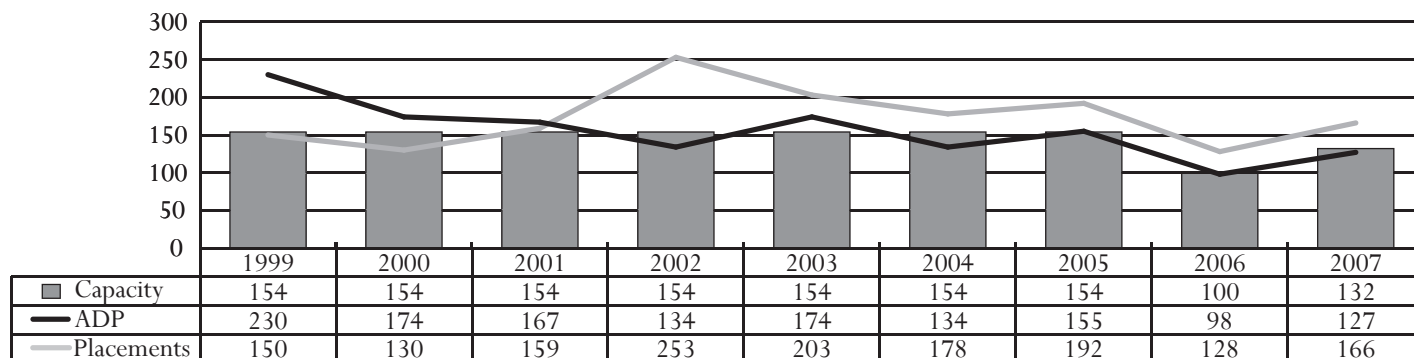
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Natural Bridge JCC

Superintendent: John C. Loving, Jr.
Capacity: 71

1425 Arnolds Valley Road
Natural Bridge Station, Virginia 24579
540-291-2129

Population Housed: 15-20 year old male offenders (lower security risk offenders and offenders preparing for release)

Programs/Services Include: Anger Management; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs; Camp New Hope; Agri-business Program in conjunction with the Department of Corrections; and a Work/Education Release Program initiated by a Department of Labor grant.

DCE School(s): Thunder Ridge School

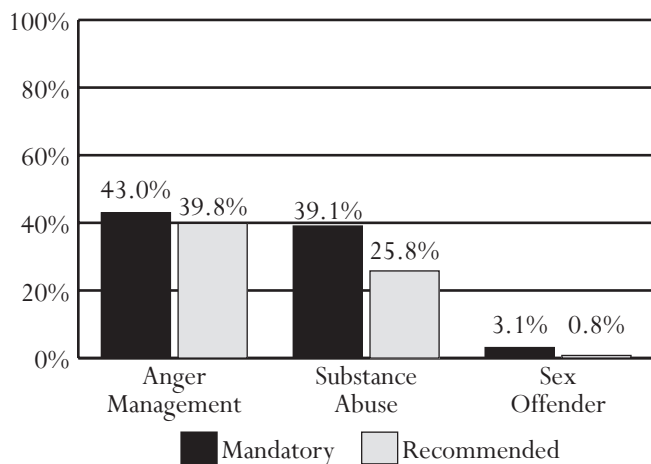
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program including GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career and technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	62.4%	57.8%	58.6%	57.8%
White	33.1%	39.1%	33.1%	35.9%
Hispanic	3.8%	2.5%	6.2%	5.5%
Other	0.8%	0.6%	2.1%	0.8%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	2.3%	4.3%	3.4%	5.5%
16	21.1%	23.0%	22.1%	31.3%
17	42.1%	39.8%	40.7%	37.5%
18	30.1%	26.1%	23.4%	20.3%
19 or older	4.5%	6.8%	10.3%	5.5%
Total Placements	133	161	145	128

- *Source of Placements:*
 - 49.2% were from the Eastern Region, 33.6% were from the Northern Region, and 17.2% were from the Western Region.
- *Juveniles Placed at Natural Bridge:*
 - A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 17 years old, and male.
- *Treatment Programs:*
 - 64.9% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 82.8% had an anger management treatment need.
 - 3.1% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- *Committing Offenses:*
 - The 128 juveniles placed at Natural Bridge in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 555 offenses, with an average of 4.3 offenses per juvenile.
 - None of the juveniles placed at Natural Bridge were recommitted in FY2007 as a result of an institutional offense.
- *Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Determinate Sentence - Robbery (50.0%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence - Burglary (35.7%)
- *Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Felony - 100.0% of Determinate; 89.3% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 7.2% of Indeterminate
- *LOS Assignment:*
 - 12.5% had a determinate sentence.
 - 46.1% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 32.8% (42 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.
- *Custody Classification:*
 - No juveniles with a classification level of IV were housed at Natural Bridge in FY 2007.
- *Average Daily Population:*
 - ADP increased 37% between FY 1999 and FY 2000, decreased by 16% from FY 2000 to FY 2005, and increased 11% between FY 2005 and FY 2007.
- *Utilization Rate:*
 - Natural Bridge's utilization rate increased from 85.9% in FY 2006 to 87.3% in FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



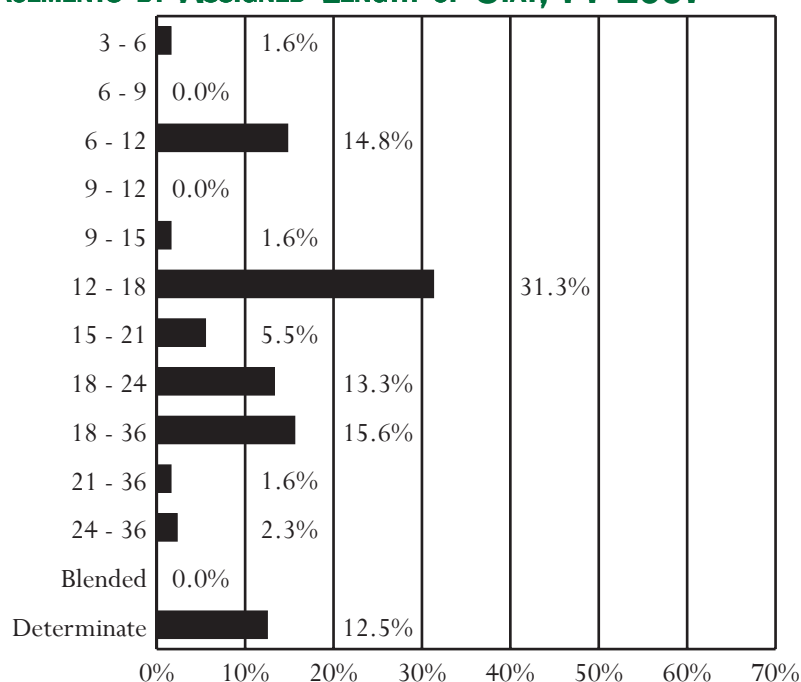
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

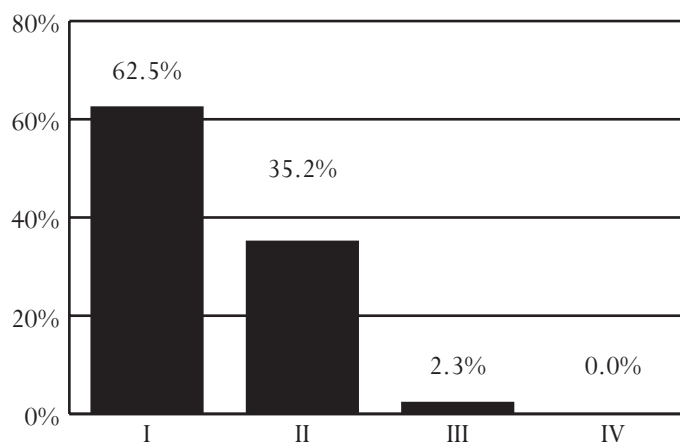
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.9%
Assault	6.3%	8.0%
Burglary	0.0%	35.7%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.9%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.9%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.9%
Gangs	0.0%	0.9%
Kidnapping	6.3%	0.9%
Larceny	0.0%	20.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	6.3%	0.9%
Narcotics	12.5%	8.9%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	3.6%
Robbery	50.0%	12.5%
Sex Offense	12.5%	0.9%
Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	1.8%
Weapons	6.3%	1.8%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	81.3%	28.6%
Weapons/Narcotics	18.8%	8.0%
Other	0.0%	52.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	2.7%
Other	0.0%	4.5%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	3.6%
Total Placements	16	112

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

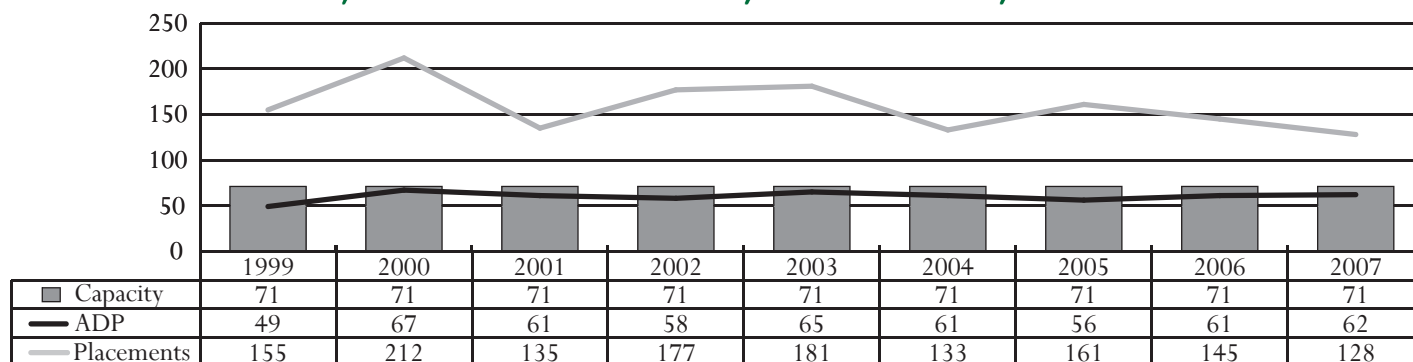
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Oak Ridge JCC

Superintendent: Kathryn B. Dickerson
Capacity: 40

1801 Bon Air Road
Bon Air, Virginia 23235
804-323-2335

Population Housed: 11-20 year old male offenders (youth with developmental disabilities and behavior disorders, measured intelligence scores in the borderline to moderately retarded range, and Woodcock Johnson academic scores at or below the fourth grade level.)

Programs/Services Include: Anger Management; Substance Abuse; Sex Offender; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Programs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Token Economy Program; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs

DCE School(s): W. H. Crockford School

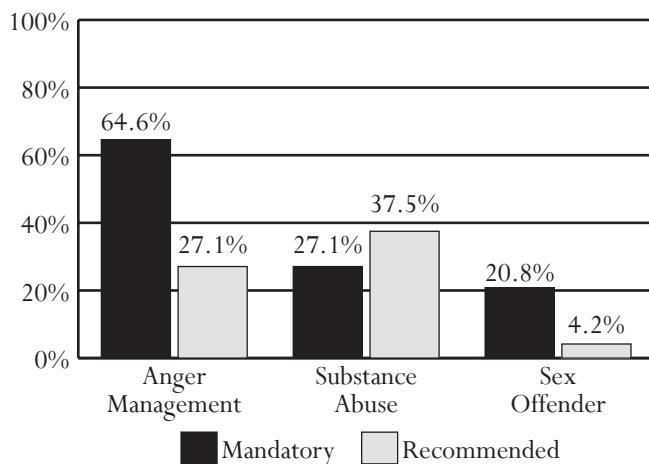
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive special education curriculum as well as career and technical programs

PLACEMENTS BY RACE, SEX, AND AGE, FY 2004-2007

Demographics	2004	2005	2006	2007
Race				
Black	89.4%	81.1%	89.1%	77.1%
White	10.6%	16.2%	8.7%	18.8%
Hispanic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Other	0.0%	2.7%	2.2%	2.1%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	2.1%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%
14	8.5%	5.4%	6.5%	8.3%
15	27.7%	21.6%	17.4%	18.8%
16	34.0%	29.7%	26.1%	31.3%
17	21.3%	21.6%	41.3%	22.9%
18	6.4%	18.9%	2.2%	16.7%
19 or older	0.0%	2.7%	2.2%	2.1%
Total Placements	47	37	46	48

- *Source of Placements:*
 - 56.3% were from the Eastern Region, 20.8% were from the Northern Region, and 22.9% were from the Western Region.
- *Juveniles Placed at Oak Ridge:*
 - A juvenile placed in FY 2007 was most likely to be black, 16 years old, and male.
- *Treatment Programs:*
 - 64.6% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 91.7% had an anger management treatment need.
 - 20.8% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- *Committing Offenses:*
 - The 48 juveniles placed at Oak Ridge in FY 2007 were committed for a combined total of 164 offenses, with an average of 3.4 offenses per juvenile.
 - None of the juveniles placed at Oak Ridge were recommitted in FY2007 as a result of an institutional offense.
- *Offense Category (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Determinate Sentence - Sex Offense (37.5%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence - Burglary (32.5%)
- *Offense Severity (Most serious committing offense):*
 - Felony - 100.0% of Determinate; 82.5% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor - 12.5% of Indeterminate
- *LOS Assignment:*
 - 16.7% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 45.9% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 25.1% (12 wards) had a minimum LOS range of 18 or more months.
- *Custody Classification:*
 - 5.9% of all juveniles placed in FY 2007 with a classification level of IV were housed at Oak Ridge.
- *Average Daily Population:*
 - ADP has remained almost constant between FY 1999 and FY 2007.
- *Utilization Rate:*
 - Oak Ridge's utilization rate remained the same (100.0%) between FY 2006 and FY 2007.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2007



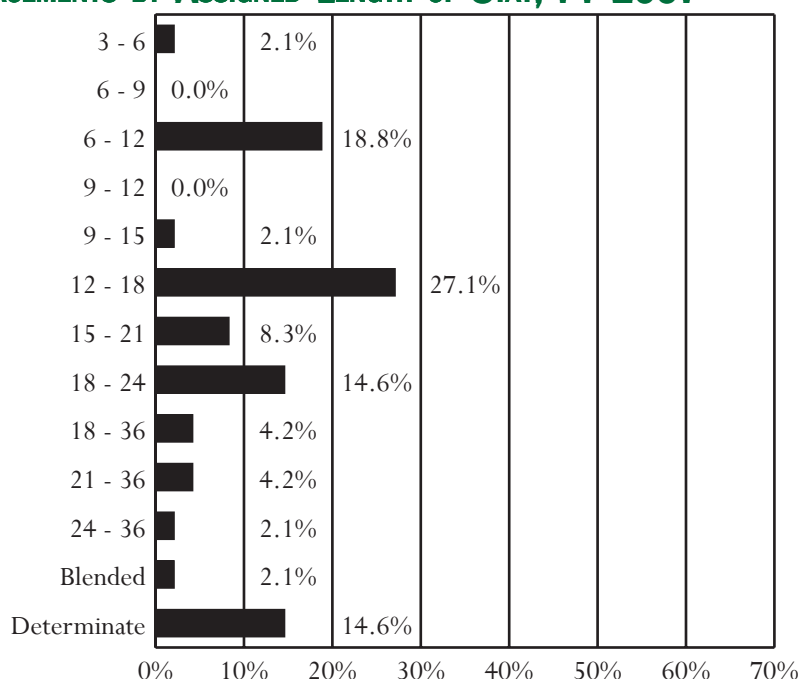
All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2007

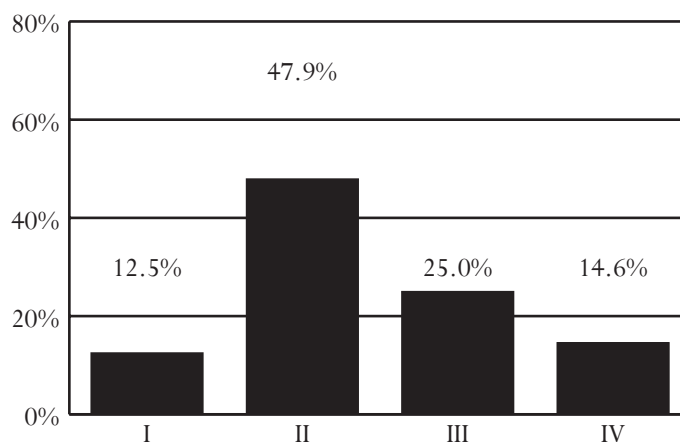
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.
Offense Category		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	25.0%	12.5%
Burglary	0.0%	32.5%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	12.5%	0.0%
Larceny	0.0%	17.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	0.0%	2.5%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	5.0%
Robbery	25.0%	15.0%
Sex Offense	37.5%	12.5%
Traffic	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	2.5%
Offense Severity		
Felonies:		
Against Persons	100.0%	32.5%
Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	7.5%
Other	0.0%	42.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	7.5%
Other	0.0%	5.0%
Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	5.0%
Total Placements	8	40

¹ - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

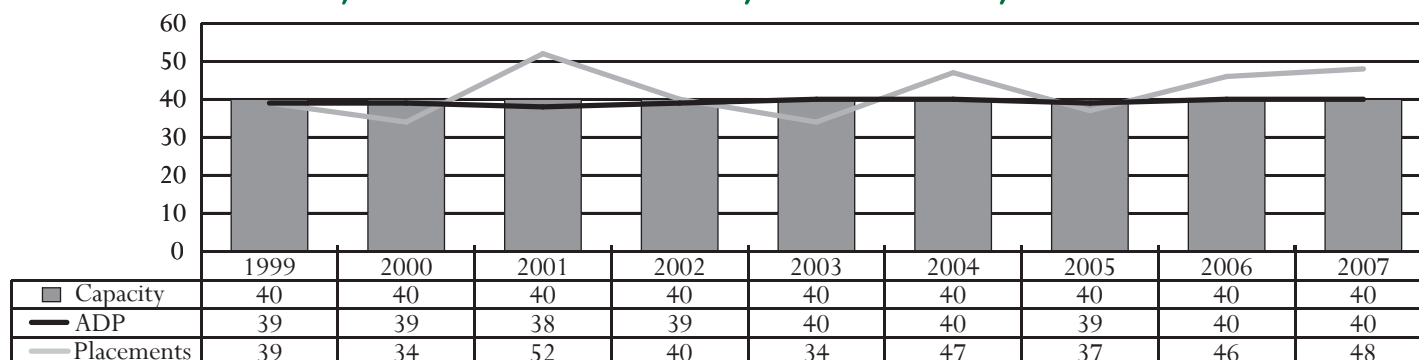
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2007



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2007



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 1999-2007



All data were downloaded on 11/14/2007. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

